

# ALGEBRAIC CYCLES AND THE TRIANGULATED CATEGORY OF MIXED MOTIVES

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**ABSTRACT.** In this paper, we shall give a candidate for the  $t$ -structure on the triangulated category of mixed motives due to Voevodsky.

## 1. INTRODUCTION

Let  $k$  be a field of characteristic 0 and  $\mathcal{L}(k)$  denote the category of the smooth schemes over  $k$ . Voevodsky constructs the triangulated category of mixed motives with coefficients in  $\mathbb{Q}$  (denoted by  $DM_{\text{gm}}(k)_{\mathbb{Q}}$ ) such that we have a canonical functor

$$M : \mathcal{L}(k) \rightarrow DM_{\text{gm}}(k)_{\mathbb{Q}}, \quad X \mapsto M(X).$$

It has been believed that a good  $t$ -structure on  $DM_{\text{gm}}(k)_{\mathbb{Q}}$  would capture the mixed motives of Grothendieck and this is one of the most significant problems in the field of algebraic cycles.

**Remark 1.1.** Although other triangulated categories of mixed motives are constructed ([H], [L]), we shall use the category of Voevodsky since it is widely spread and more accessible than others.

## 2. REVIEW OF $t$ -STRUCTURES

For a triangulated category  $\mathbb{D}$ , let  $\mathbb{D}^{\leq 0}$  and  $\mathbb{D}^{\geq 0}$  be full subcategories of  $\mathbb{D}$ . We say that the couple  $(\mathbb{D}^{\leq 0}, \mathbb{D}^{\geq 0})$  is a  $t$ -structure on  $\mathbb{D}$  if the following conditions are satisfied:

- (1)  $\mathbb{D}^{\leq 0}[1] \subset \mathbb{D}^{\leq 0}$  and  $\mathbb{D}^{\geq 0}[-1] \subset \mathbb{D}^{\geq 0}$
- (2)  $\text{Hom}_{\mathbb{D}}(X, Y) = 0$  for  $X \in \mathbb{D}^{\leq 0}$  and  $Y \in \mathbb{D}^{\geq 0}[-1]$
- (3) For any  $X \in \mathbb{D}$ , there exists a distinguished triangle  $X_0 \rightarrow X \rightarrow X_1 \rightarrow$  in  $\mathbb{D}$  such that we have  $X_0 \in \mathbb{D}^{\leq 0}$  and  $X_1 \in \mathbb{D}^{\geq 0}[-1]$ .

The full subcategory  $\mathcal{A} = \mathbb{D}^{\leq 0} \cap \mathbb{D}^{\geq 0}$  is called the heart of the  $t$ -structure. In the next section, we shall give a  $t$ -structure on  $\mathbb{D} = DM_{\text{gm}}(k)_{\mathbb{Q}}$  which reflects the

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intersections of algebraic cycles and we expect that the heart of this  $t$ -structure is the mixed motives which Grothendieck has dreamed of.

### 3. DEFINITION OF A $t$ -STRUCTURE

Keep the notation as in the Introduction and denote  $\mathbb{D} = DM_{\text{gm}}(k)_{\mathbb{Q}}$  for simplicity. Let us define a  $t$ -structure  $(\mathbb{D}^{\leq 0}, \mathbb{D}^{\geq 0})$  on  $\mathbb{D}$  as follows.

#### Preliminary

Let  $\phi : A \rightarrow M(X)$  and  $\psi : M(Y) \rightarrow B$  be two morphisms in  $\mathbb{D}$ . If we convert the orientations of  $X$  and  $Y$ , we denote the corresponding morphisms by  $\phi^X : A \rightarrow M(X)$  and  $\psi_Y : M(Y) \rightarrow B$ .

#### Definition of $\mathbb{D}^{\leq 0}$

The full subcategory  $\mathbb{D}^{\leq 0}$  is consisted of objects  $A$  of  $\mathbb{D}$  such that we have

$$\phi + \phi^X = 0 : A \rightarrow M(X)[i] \quad (\exists X \in \mathcal{L}(k), \exists i \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}).$$

#### Definition of $\mathbb{D}^{\geq 0}$

The full subcategory  $\mathbb{D}^{\geq 0}$  is consisted of objects  $B$  of  $\mathbb{D}$  such that we have

$$\psi - \psi_Y = 0 : M(Y)[j] \rightarrow B \quad (\forall Y \in \mathcal{L}(k), \forall j \in \mathbb{Z}_{<0}).$$

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